

In their several offices, who immediately ordered the men to walk out. At 4 o'clock nine typographers and machine men had stopped work, and but three had refused to strike.

Mr. Everett Wadley returned on the Chesapeake and Ohio train in the afternoon, and at once called a meeting of the typographers at the Lexington Hotel for 8 o'clock. What occurred at this meeting was not disclosed, but at an adjourned meeting held at the Richmond Hotel last night resolutions were passed advocating a firm stand and a fight to the end.

At this meeting were representatives from—

1. J. W. Ferguson & Son.
2. Walthall Printing Company.
3. Williams Printing Company.
4. Mitchell & Hotchkiss.
5. O. B. Farnham.
6. Ware & Duke.
7. Everett Wadley Company.
8. Hornblende Press.
9. Whitte & Shepperson.
10. William Ellis Jones & Company.
11. E. R. Lafferty.

There were no representatives present from either C. W. Saunders or from the Baughman Stationery Company.

Will Stand "Pat."

One of the members said after the meeting:

"We will stand pat and we have no idea of giving in. We have advertised for printers, and if we cannot get them then we will shut up. The fight will be to a finish as far as we are concerned. In a few days we will open headquarters where we will hold meetings every day."

Another member of the Typographic Union said:

"In the early winter the union notified us that it would ask for an eight-hour day on January 1, 1906. We entered into contracts to supply work having faith in that statement. Now the union demands our decision with six hours' notice, having held a meeting on Sunday evening and notified us on Monday morning at 10 o'clock. We do not think this was fair or just treatment."

"The union asks for nine hours' work at this time is \$16 a week for day men, \$18 a week for night men, \$16 a week for day machine operators, \$21 a week for night machine operators. This is a minimum, and I know many operators who make not less than \$30 a week."

Shops Which Lose Men.

Promptly at four o'clock the strike began, and the march was taken up on the different shops to Concordia Hall, where a meeting of the local union was called for five o'clock.

Here is a list of the number who walked out:

From Ferguson's.....	3
From Wadley's.....	31
From Mitchell & Hotchkiss.....	12
From Hornblende Press.....	7
From Wadley's.....	2
From Ware & Duke's.....	6
From Williams Printing Company.....	8
From C. W. Saunders.....	0
From Baughman's.....	0
From Whitte & Shepperson's.....	10
From Walthall's.....	2
From Planhart's.....	1
From Pizzini's.....	1
From William Ellis Jones's.....	2
Total.....	95

All of those who had walked out, together with a score of other members of the union, packed into the hall on the second floor of No. 402 East Broad Street, and held a secret meeting for two hours.

Speeches were made and loudly applauded, and resolutions were passed and one was rejected.

A motion made to continue the strike and under no circumstances to give way to the Typographic Union was unanimously carried.

Important Resolution.

A motion to restrain any member of the union from returning to work until every member was reinstated was lost by a vote of 19 to 12.

A motion requiring all working members of the local union to contribute 50 cents to the strike fund was carried.

It was decided to contribute \$20 per week, or about \$21 per month to the support of the strikers, who receive \$7 each if married and \$4 if unmarried.

A meeting will be held this morning at Concordia Hall, when headquarters will be permanently established.

Those Who Signed.

It is said that the following printing firms have signed the eight-hour contract:

H. E. Ezell.

Daniel Murphy.

Pilot Printing Company.

Edwark & Fria.

Anderson Printing Company.

Harvey Wilson.

Mr. August Dietz is said to have refused to sign, but will have a conference with a committee from the union this morning.

Amongst those who walked out is Miss I. A. Sidell from Mitchell & Hotchkiss. She is the first woman member of the union. It is stated that Miss Prettyman and Miss Gregory from the Everett Wadley Company are in the "striking" ranks.

"Accept No Compromise."

When seen last night Mr. Pace, president of the local union, said:

"This fight is a serious matter, and we do not intend to go back to work until our terms have been completely met. We will accept no compromise."

"We have no fight with the newspapers, and we hope the amicable relations now existing will continue."

"Our fight is with the book and job printers."

Mr. Rufus Williams, of the Williams Printing Company, was seen last night and asked if his printers had showed any signs of anger when they left.

"I said a bit," said Mr. Williams. "One of them said to me: 'Shall I turn out the light?' I said 'yes,' when you are ready to go."

"He turned out the light and the strike was on."

Mr. Lafferty was found working at one of his machines, for there was a contract

"Berry's for Clothes."



Dog days are over and you're about to need heavier clothing. Are you one who doesn't mind buying a suit by mail? Drop in and look at these suits from last fall and winter.

A \$20.00 suit, just when you begin to need it, at \$12.80, should well cover up whatever little style changes have taken place.

The \$15 suits are only \$9.75.

Boys' brought-over suits at slightly over half prices, too.



to get rid of, and he had only one man left in the office.

Everything was quiet last night. The men and the owners both think they will win out, and the best of feeling prevails.

It is stated that the International Typographical Union has now in its treasury \$75,000 with which to wage war.

IN LYNCHBURG.

Two Establishments Not Likely to Agree to Union's Wishes.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

LYNCHBURG, VA., September 11.—A majority of the union printers of the city today made a demand that they should be placed on an eight-hour schedule, in accordance with the two of the International Typographical Union, the same to become effective January 1st.

It is understood that two of the largest establishments will refuse to entertain the proposition. The printers have not indicated what steps, if any, will be taken to force their demands.

PETERSBURG STATUS.

No Reply Made As Yet to Demands of Union.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

PETERSBURG, VA., September 11.—Replies from Petersburg's employing printers to the Typographical Union's demand for an eight-hour day with present pay, have not yet been received, and are expected to-morrow morning. There are only eight union men employed here, and only one printing office having none. The Index-Appel is the only union office in the city and has long been an eight-hour establishment.

A prominent employing printed stationer to-night that he had refused to sign the union's eight-hour agreement, which was presented to-day by a representative of Petersburg Typographical Union, No. 25.

AN EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Demands Granted and No Trouble in Newport News.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., Sept. 11.—The newspaper and job printing offices in this city are not affected in any way by the general strike for an eight-hour work day. The job offices have already signed a contract giving their men an eight-hour day, beginning January 1st, and the printers employed by newspapers have been working eight hours for a number of years. The typographical union held a meeting this afternoon to discuss the situation.

What Lynch Says.

(By Associated Press.)

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 11.—Committee of union printers and for employers of Indianapolis, having failed to-day to agree on an 8-hour day to commence on January 1st, the local typographical union has ordered 100 members in Indianapolis to strike at once.

President James M. Lynch, of the International Typographical Union, to-night said: "I have instructed unions in various cities to demand contracts immediately for an 8-hour day to commence on January 1st. Wherever the demand for the 8-hour day is refused the union printers have been instructed to strike at once."

No Trouble in Bristol.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)

BRISTOL, TENN., Sept. 11.—There is no trouble between publishers and union printers here. The printers have contracts with the publishers.

GRANDDAUGHTER OF PATRICK HENRY DEAD

(By Associated Press.)

ITHACA, N. Y., September 11.—Mrs. Virginia Henry Beasley, granddaughter of Patrick Henry, died yesterday in the State Hospital at Willard, where she had been a patient for the past few months.

NO DEATHS IN NEW ORLEANS

Reports of Yellow Fever Situation There Yesterday Were More Encouraging.

NEW CASES AT PENSACOLA

Conditions in Mississippi Seem to Be Better—Squabble at Tallulah.

Yellow Fever Record.

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans.....38 new cases.

Lions.....25 cases.

Algiers.....7 new cases.

St. Clair.....1 new case.

MISSISSIPPI.

Gulfport.....2 new cases.

Mississippi City.....2 new cases.

FLORIDA.

Pensacola.....9 new cases.

1 death.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW ORLEANS, LA., September 11.—The official report of the yellow fever situation up to 6 P. M. to-day follows:

New cases, 38.

Total, 2,327.

Deaths, none.

Total, 316.

New foci, 18.

Cases under treatment, 300.

The report of no deaths to-day, the first time since the announcement of the presence of the fever here, on July 21st, when contrasted with the record of 1878, presents quite a coincidence, because September 11, 1878, was the record day for deaths during that epidemic, ninety being recorded.

Lack of faith on the part of the component parts of the new epidemic will be used hereafter in connection with the discovery of which was announced Saturday. It is composed of equal parts of crystal carbolic acid and gum camphor, and three ounces will be sufficient to fumigate thoroughly 1,000 cubic feet of space. He advises against its use by citizens generally, on account of the danger in handling it, and in having his forces thoroughly educated in its use before they will be entrusted with it.

Situation Elsewhere.

The most interesting feature of the country's news was the report from the health officer at St. John's parish of the existence of about 25 cases at Lions, a lumber town in that parish, and his statement that the patients were not being properly cared for; that they had been concealing the illness. He has taken charge of things there and to-day reported three new cases.

Health officers of Plaquemine report a new case at St. Clair plantation, six miles above Woodlawn, where a nest was discovered last week. The case was the only transmitter of yellow fever is given as one of the causes of the row which has resulted. In Dr. Tichenor's withdrawal from Tallulah, whether he had been sent by the State Board of Health to take charge of the situation. Until Dr. Tichenor got on the ground at Tallulah no one had any idea of the extent of the disease there. Dr. Tichenor at the end of his investigation telegraphed that the situation was exceedingly serious, and that he was needed.

The new cases and deaths since have borne out his first telegrams. Dr. Tichenor immediately proceeded to apply the mosquito theory rigidly, but found that some of those who had died had altogether believed in it, with the result that friction resulted and he asked to be relieved.

The situation here is regarded as most excellent and it is universally believed that while the fever will not have been wiped out on the first of October, it will be in a declining state at that time.

WORSE AT PENSACOLA.

Nine New Cases Reported—Norwegian Vice-Consul Dies.

(By Associated Press.)

PENSACOLA, FLA., September 11.—Nine new cases and one death is the yellow fever record for Pensacola to-day, concluding at 6 o'clock when the various physicians working in conjunction with the State Board of Health made their reports. Suspect or doubtful cases number about 12.

The one death was that of A. Wolfberg, vice-consul of Norway, who died to-day after a brief illness. He was taken ill five days since and did not call in a physician, the case being located by inspectors. A postmortem investigation revealed the fact that he had died of yellow fever of the most malignant type. Citizens have been called upon to be

that the physicians and appoint a relief committee.

MISSISSIPPI SITUATION.

Three New Cases at Gulfport and Two at Mississippi City.

(By Associated Press.)

JACKSON, MISS., September 11.—The Mississippi yellow fever summer for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock to-night is as follows:

Gulfport, three new cases.

Mississippi City, two cases.

No new cases reported at Vicksburg, Natchez, Pearlborough, Hattiesburg or Starkley county.

No deaths occurred in the State.

CANNOT STOP.

Quarantine Regulations for Richmond and Other Virginia Cities.

(By Associated Press.)

ATLANTA, GA., Sept. 11.—Acting under instructions from the surgeon general of the United States public health and marine hospital service, Dr. C. P. Wertheimer, the local representative of the marine hospital service, has written a letter to the Georgia State Board of Health in which he stated that under the State quarantine regulations persons from infected territory will not be allowed to stop in Richmond, Norfolk, Portsmouth or Newport News, Va., or anywhere else in the State, until they have been absent from infected territory for six days.

HELD AT NEW YORK.

Panama Canal Employees On Vacation Sent to Hoffman Island.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, September 11.—A number of Panama Canal officials on leave of absence arrived here to-day on the steamship Mexico. Among them were E. Daubney, former acting chief engineer of the Panama Canal; and H. A. Gudgeon, of North Carolina, judge of the Panama district of Ancon. Ten passengers and seven of the crew were found to have contracted yellow fever and were removed from the steamer at quarantine and were taken to Hoffman Island for observation.

MEET IN BUFFALO.

Convention of Catholics in New Orleans Impossible.

(By Associated Press.)

CINCINNATI, O., September 11.—At an executive session of the National Council of the American Federation of Catholic Societies to-day, it was decided to hold the next national meeting at Buffalo, either next spring or next winter. A committee composed of Archbishop Messier, of Milwaukee; Bishop Milne, of Trenton, N. J.; and Monsignor A. J. Louis, was named to confer with the Bishop of Buffalo as to a suitable time. This convention was originally announced to be held in New Orleans in October next, but was called off on account of the yellow fever epidemic.

ARMS LANDED IN RUSSIA SEIZED

(Continued from First Page.)

killed. Throughout the "black town" district the patrols are acting energetically in suppressing disorders.

Companies Suffer Heavily.

After the conference of oil men here at which a dispatch from the oil regions were compared, the representatives of the various companies summarized the situation in the well district as follows:

Born Company—Most of the tanks and pumps of this company have been saved from destruction. A few wells belonging to other English companies have been lost.

Society of Baku—A third of its property destroyed.

Nobel Company—Half of its property destroyed.

Gaspian Company—Its property completely destroyed.

Other large companies, including the Caucasus Rotschild, Manicheff and Soboloff, saved only small portions of their properties.

"The news from other parts of the Caucasus is very disquieting. Disturbances are spreading all over the region, more or less seriously."

Prince Assassinated.

(By Associated Press.)

TIFLIS, September 11.—Prince Taitelanton, of a princely family, was assassinated to-day at Gori (fifty miles from Tiflis). The following incident showing the desperate spirit displayed by the Tartars, is reported from Baku:

A band of Tartars bartered themselves in the house of a rich musliman and fired at the windows of a patrol once to other English companies have been lost.

Strike at Warsaw.

(By Associated Press.)

WARSAW, RUSSIA, Sept. 11.—In consequence of the closing of the factories in Warsaw struck to-day. Cossacks and infantry are patrolling the streets.

A large number of arrests were made in a theatre at Lodz last night. An individual from the gallery flooded the house with incendiary documents, whereupon the police surrounded the theatre and arrested about two hundred of the occupants.

PRESIDENT OUTLINES

POLICY OF CANAL WORK

(By Associated Press.)

OYSTER BAY, L. I., September 11.—An important conference was held at Sagamore Hill between President Roosevelt and the members of the Board of Consulting Engineers of the Panama Canal. After luncheon the President made a brief, but formal statement to the board, which he outlined definitely the policy to be followed in the canal construction. That statement was not made public, is being deemed desirable that for the present it be for the information of the members of the board only.

HEARSING OF LOVER'S DEATH, KILLS HERSELF

(By Associated Press.)

HAVANA, September 11.—All the artillerymen of the guard on duty Sunday at the Santa Clara battery, have been arrested on account of the escape of a private, who had been sentenced to imprisonment for stabbing with a bayonet a sergeant who had testified adversely to him at his trial for insubordination. An artilleryman who was at the battery at Cabañas fortress, and who was unarmed, was stabbed many times yesterday with a bayonet and then pushed over the parapet into a deep ditch by a comrade who was enraged by jealousy with regard to a tenderloin woman. The latter on hearing of her lover's death committed suicide.

WHEN SLEEP FAILS

Take Horford's Acid Phosphate. Half a teaspoon in half a glass of water just before retiring brings refreshing sleep.

TRIBES FIGHTING AROUND TANGIER

Government Undecided in Position and Situation is Very Uncomfortable.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The following dispatch has been received at the State Department from American Minister Gummere, dated at Tangier to-day:

"The tribes are fighting in the immediate neighborhood of Tangier—the Aushim versus Rissoul's tribe. The government is undecided in its position and the situation is entirely uncomfortable. A joint protest is being made by the diplomatic corps to the Minister of Foreign Affairs. Have been informed that the mountains are unsafe and am returning to Tangier immediately."

It appears that Mr. Gummere has leased the beautiful residence formerly occupied by Don Perdicar, which was the scene of his kidnapping by Rissoul, and is situated some distance in the country.

KING PAYS VISIT TO SCENE OF EARTHQUAKE

(By Associated Press.)

MONTELEONE, CALIFORNIA, September 11.—King Victor Emmanuel arrived here to-day to visit the places stricken by the earthquake. He was received by Signor Ferraris, the minister of public works, and the population which gave the king a demonstration and grateful welcome.

Signor Ferraris had previously visited the village of Zannura, which presented a terrible spectacle. All the houses have been destroyed and the inhabitants are in a condition of speechless terror.

NATURALIST FIRES BULLET INTO BRAIN

(By Associated Press.)

BALTIMORE, MD., September 11.—Theodore A. Shurr, a well known naturalist and taxidermist, aged sixty-five, committed suicide to-day by shooting himself twice in the head. In the bedroom in which the act was committed were two pet reptiles, a large land tortoise and a green snake.

TO MEET SOON TO ARRANGE TRUCE

(Continued from First Page.)

presented, only a report from the Cabinet ministers, Premier Katsura making an extended statement of the peace negotiations.

According to the Constitution a treaty with other powers requires to be submitted to the council before ratification. It is unusual to hold a special sitting for simply making a report on diplomatic affairs before a treaty assumes a form ready for ratification, and the sitting to-day without a special bill was rather unexpected.

Opposition political parties have appointed an extensive committee to report fully on sufferings alleged to have been caused by the police during the recent rioting. The progressives and their local branches continue to press resolutions against the government.

The Shiba branch condemns the government's assumption of the power to suspend newspapers, declaring it to be wholly unconstitutional.

Quiet, however, prevails in Tokio.

NO GENERAL FEELING AGAINST CHRISTIANS

Japanese Offered to Spare American Church if Minister Could Show American Flag.

(By Associated Press.)

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Sept. 11.—A definite resume of the conditions in Tokio is given in a cablegram from Minister Grissom to the Secretary of War, which was transmitted to-day to President Roosevelt. The cablegram follows:

"Tokio, Sept. 10, 1905. The violence to a church for Christians and the attacks on Christian churches reported in my previous telegrams should not be considered to indicate any general anti-foreign or anti-Christian feeling. The former was incidental and the latter due to sporadic antagonism to the Russian church and some native Christians. The members offered to spare one American church if the minister could show an American flag; unfortunately, he could not. Newspapers have during many months raised popular expectation so high that intense dissatisfaction with the terms of peace resulted. Sentiment among army, navy and nobility, however, is understood to be more conservative. Six newspapers have been suspended. Martial law probably will continue for some time, thus insuring quiet. Meanwhile the legation guard of 12 soldiers will continue."

M. WITTE WILL SAIL FOR RUSSIA TO-DAY

Guest of Honor Last Night at Dinner Given By Melville E. Stone.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW YORK, September 11.—M. Witte was the guest of honor at a farewell dinner given by Melville E. Stone at the Lotus Club to-night. Invited to meet him and Baron De Hoon were a number of the newspaper correspondents who were at Portsmouth.

Reference was made to M. Witte and Baron De Hoon arranged for to-morrow morning at the Produce Exchange has been cancelled at the request of Mr. Witte, who begged to be excused on account of unexpected and pressing business. M. Witte sails for home to-morrow afternoon.

The Russian envoys to-day went to West Point as the guests of J. P. Morgan.

Writes to Thank the Editor.

This letter was received yesterday from a little friend of The Times-Dispatch, who recently won a prize:

Dear Editor—We want to thank you very much for being so kind as to award us the prize in the lower contest. All of us certainly do appreciate it. Hope we can do better next time.

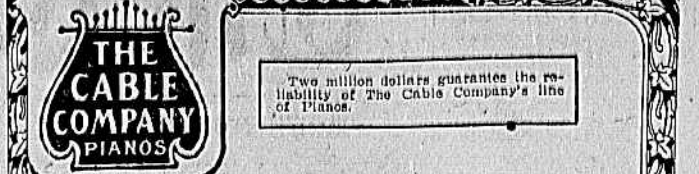
ROBERTA CANNON.

In the Academy.

Critic—I think your picture is very bad.

Artist—Well, I only hope it is bad enough to be hung.

Two million dollars guarantee the reliability of The Cable Company's line of pianos.



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and you should make it a point to equip your home at once with a strictly first-class instrument, so that your children may have an additional incentive to develop their minds and their talents for music.

In buying a piano make it your first duty to consult the worth of the dealer or company from whom you purchase. So far as The Cable Company is concerned, we court investigation; we request a complete investigation of our pianos and organs and our methods of serving the public. We want to know that The Cable Company's trade mark is known as an absolute guarantee that their instruments are standards of manufacture.

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